

Addressing Transportation Equity (TE) Through Project Scoring

December 19, 2019
Betsy Harvey

Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization

Phases of TIP Project Selection

Policy Factors

- Eligibility for federal funding
- Alignment with LRTP program types
- Approval by MassDOT Project Review Committee
- Support from a public agency (such as a municipality, a transit agency, or MassDOT)

Project Scoring

- Criteria are based on MPO goal areas
- Criteria are tailored to MPO investment programs (future)

Final Factors

- Readiness
- Regional distribution
- Public feedback
- Relationship to regional needs and performance

Framework adapted from the Atlanta Regional Commission. LRTP = Long-Range Transportation Plan. MassDOT = Massachusetts Department of Transportation. PRC = Project Review Committee. TIP = Transportation Improvement Program.

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Project Scoring

 Criteria are based on MPO goal areas

Topic for 12/19: Transportation Equity

 Criteria are tailored to MPO investment programs (future)

Final Factors

- Readiness
- Regional distribution
- Public feedback
- Relationship to regional needs and performance

Framework adapted from the Atlanta Regional Commission. LRTP = Long-Range Transportation Plan. MassDOT = Massachusetts Department of Transportation. PRC = Project Review Committee. TIP = Transportation Improvement Program.

Outline

- Framing the conversation
- Current TE TIP project evaluation criteria
- Considerations for possible equity criteria revisions
- Discussion questions
 - Should the MPO integrate equity into other goal areas, rather than have a standalone set of equity criteria?
 - To what extent should the MPO devote a larger percentage of possible points to transportation equity?

Framing the Conversation

Federal Guidance

- Definitions of TE populations must be consistent with federal regulations
- Identification of protected populations should be consistent with federal recommendations





TE Populations Through 2021 TIP

- Minority population
- Low-income households
- People with limited English proficiency (LEP)
- Elderly population (ages 75 and older)
- People with disabilities
- Carless households



TE Populations for 2022 TIP and Beyond

- Minority population
- People with limited English proficiency
- Elderly population
- People with disabilities
- Carless households
- Youth population (ages 17 and younger)
- Low-income population (≤ 200% of the poverty level)



Destination 2040 TE Goal

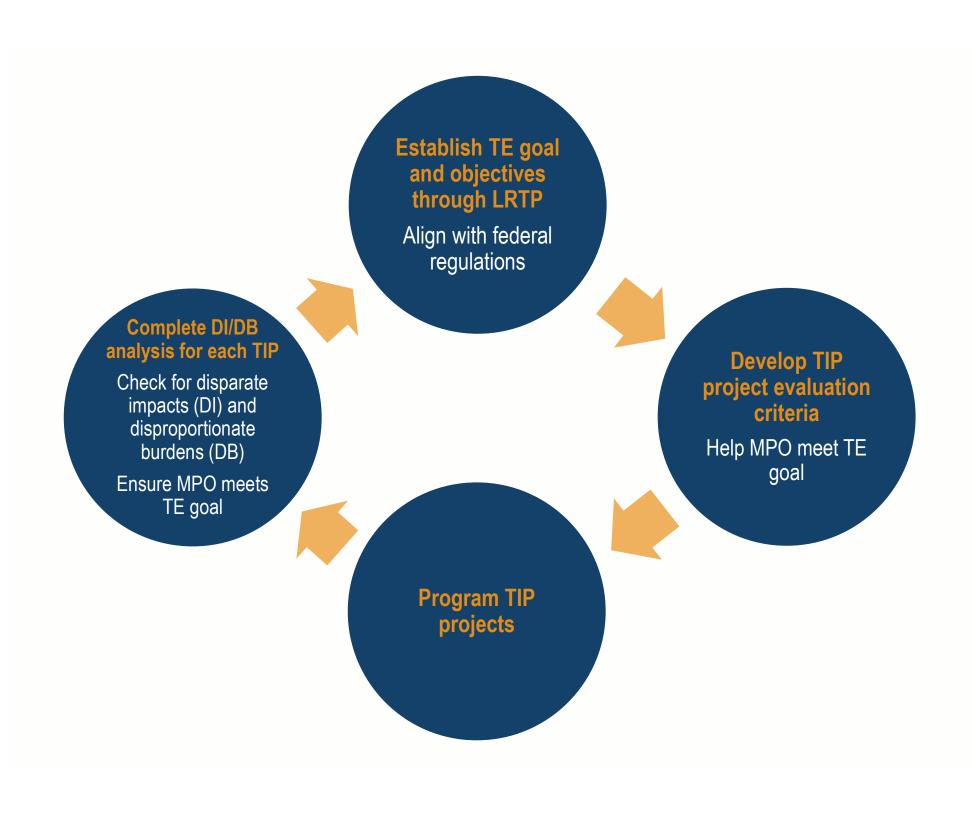


Ensure that all people receive comparable benefits from, and are not disproportionately burdened by, MPO investments, regardless of race, color, national origin, age, income, ability, or sex

Destination 2040 TE Objectives

- Prioritize MPO investments that benefit equity populations
- Minimize potential harmful environmental, health, and safety effects of MPO-funded projects for all equity populations
- Promote investments that support transportation for all ages
- Promote investments that are accessible to all people regardless of ability

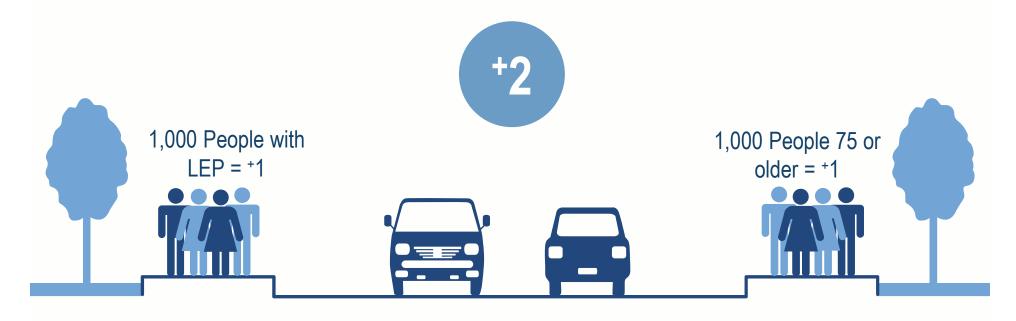




Current TE Project Scoring Criteria

Current Equity Scoring Approach

Based on proximity to project





Current Criteria

Does the percent of the population served (within one-half mile) exceed the regional average?

NO

0 points

YES

- +1 point → Minority/elderly populations/low-income households ≤ 2,000 people or households
- +2 points → Minority/elderly populations/low-income households > 2,000 people or households
- -10 points → Project creates a burden for Title VI/nondiscrimination populations

Maximum of 12 equity points (9% of possible score)



Current Criteria

Does the percent of the population served (within one-half mile) exceed the regional average?

NO

0 points

Maximum of 12 equity points (9% of possible score)

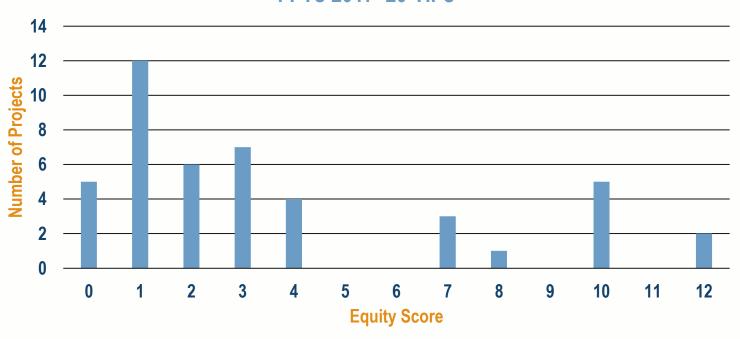
YES

- +1 point → LEP population/people with disabilities/zero-vehicle households ≤ 1,000 people or households
- +2 points → LEP population/people with disabilities/zero-vehicle households 1,000 people or households
- -10 points → Project creates a burden for Title VI/nondiscrimination populations



Projects with percent of equity population just below regional average can't get points

Distribution of Equity Scores for Projects Programmed in FFYs 2017–20 TIPs



Intersection Improvements at Route 3A/Summer Street Rotary (Hingham)

	•	Low-income Households	People with LEP	People with Disabilities	Elderly Population
Project Area	4.1%	23.5%	9.0%	7.8%	6.6%



Intersection Improvements at Route 3A/Summer Street Rotary (Hingham)

	Minority Population	Low-income Households	People with LEP	People with Disabilities	Elderly Population
Project Area	4.1%	23.5%	9.0%	7.8%	6.6%
Region-wide	28.2%	32.2%	10.6%	10.0%	6.7%
Points	0	0	0	0	0



Rehabilitation of Essex Street (Lynn)

	•	Low-income Households	People with LEP	People with Disabilities	Elderly Population
Project Area	58.6%	56.7%	23.8%	15.8%	5.2%



Rehabilitation of Essex Street (Lynn)

	Minority Population	Low-income Households	People with LEP	People with Disabilities	Elderly Population
Project Area	58.6%	56.7%	23.8%	15.8%	5.2%
Region-wide	28.2%	32.2%	10.6%	10.0%	6.7%
Points	2	2	2	2	0



- Projects with percent of equity population just below regional average can't get points
- Proximity to a project does not mean people will benefit from it or be able to use it



- Projects with percent of equity population just below regional average can't get points
- Proximity to a project does not mean people will benefit from it or be able to use it
- Criteria do not directly support the MPO's TE goal and objectives



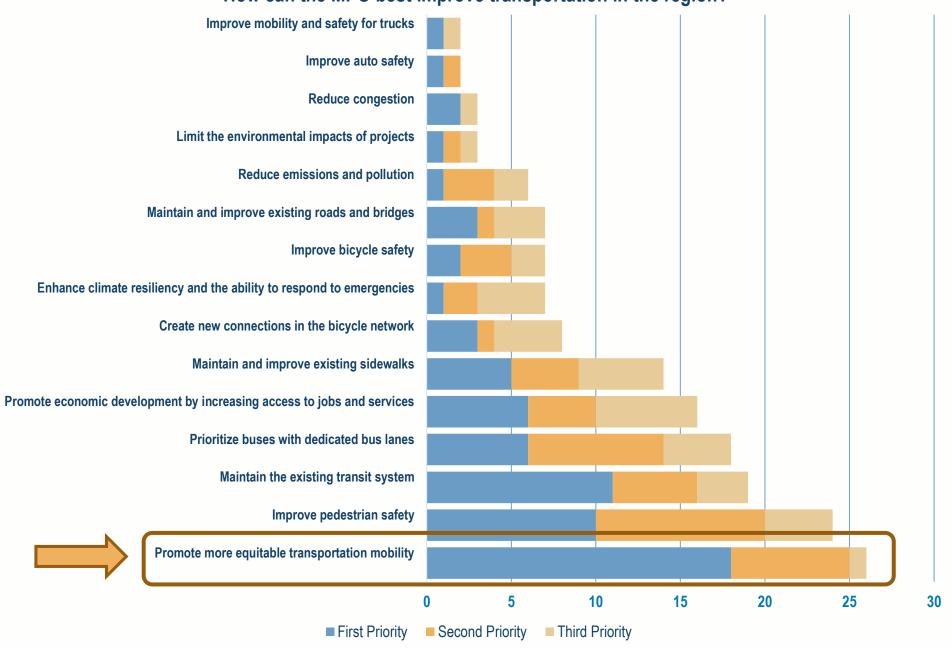
- Projects with percent of equity population just below regional average can't get points
- Proximity to a project does not mean people will benefit from it or be able to use it
- Criteria do not directly support the MPO's TE goal and objectives
- Vague criteria for identifying burdens

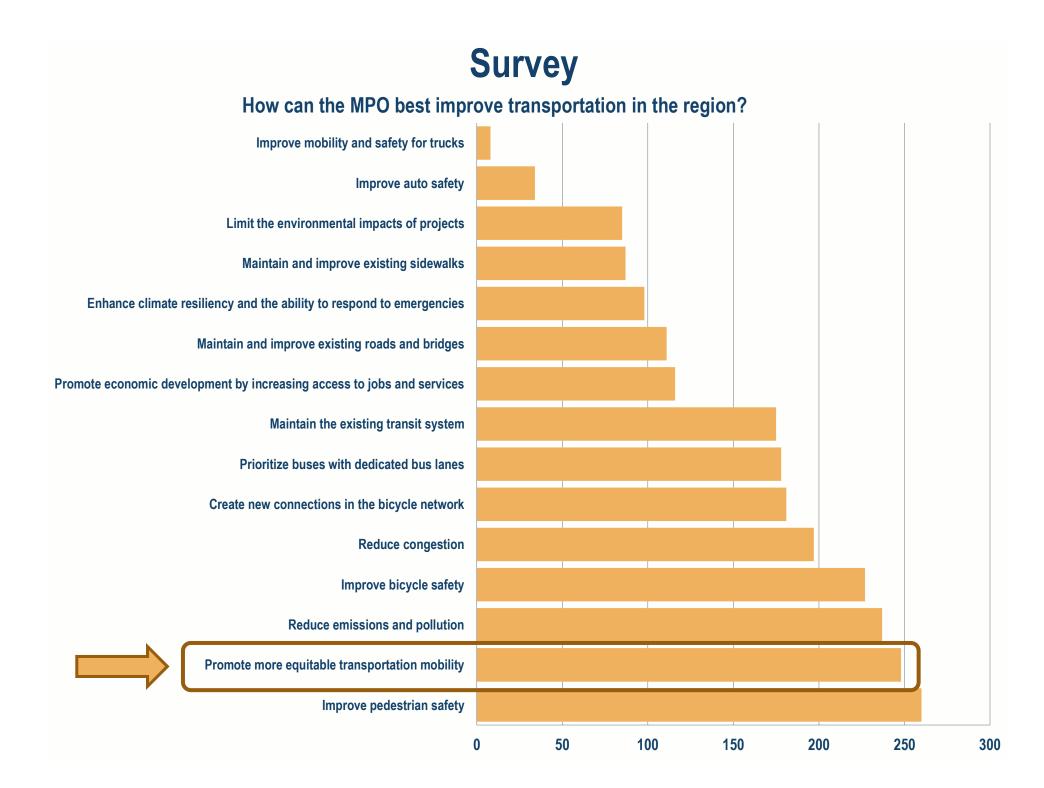


Considerations for Possible Criteria Revisions

Focus Groups







Goals for the New Criteria

- Meet federal guidance
- Help the MPO meet the TE goal and objectives
- Award progressively more points to projects based on the share of the equity population that would benefit
- Assess impacts to TE populations rather than proximity



Planned Changes

- Change MPO low-income definition to be based on poverty status
- Add youth population
- Remove carless households
- Clarify criteria that identify burdens on equity populations



Discussion

Discussion

Staff Proposals

Integrate equity into other goal areas, rather than a standalone set of criteria

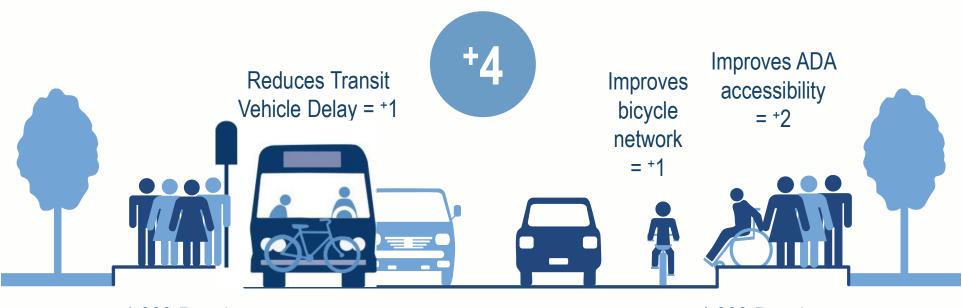
Questions for MPO

Are you comfortable with this approach?



Proposed Equity Scoring Approach

Based on project impacts



1,000 People with LEP

1,000 People 75 or older

Criteria identified through • TIP public outreach • MPO members • LRTP Needs Assessment

Discussion

Staff Proposals

Integrate equity into other goal areas, rather than a standalone set of criteria

Questions for MPO

Are you comfortable with this approach?



Discussion

Staff Proposals

Integrate equity into other goal areas, rather than a standalone set of criteria

Devote larger percentage of possible points to questions for MPO transportation equity

Are you comfortable with this approach?

To what extent should the MPO do this?



Next Steps

- Incorporate MPO feedback into developing preliminary project scoring proposals (late spring)
- Rescore past projects with new scoring proposals (summer)





TIP Criteria Revisions: Clean Air and Sustainable Communities

February 6, 2020

Matt Genova

Transportation Improvement Program Manager

Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization

Today's Presentation

- Goals for today
- Framing the conversation
- Summary of feedback
- Proposed changes to current criteria
- Next steps
- Discussion



Goals for Today



Goals for Today

- 1. Provide feedback on general direction of Clean Air and Sustainable Communities criteria
- 2. Suggest additional changes or other topics for further exploration within this goal area
- 3. Set the stage for today's discussion of Equity criteria



Framing the Conversation



Framing the Conversation: Principles

- Manageable to implement
- Make use of best available data and methods
- Create balance across investment programs
- Both realistic and aspirational
- Clear to project proponents and other stakeholders



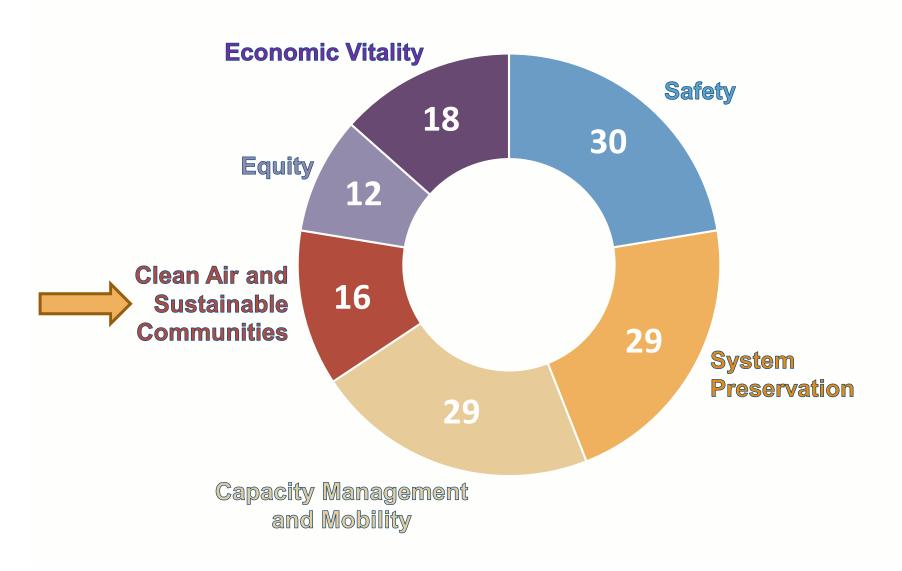
Framing the Conversation: Notes

- Point values will be refined at a later date
- Changes are subject to continued feedback
- Resilience criteria will be more formally expanded in System Preservation goal area



Current Criteria: Overview

Current TIP Criteria: Point Allocations (134 Possible Points)



Current Criteria: Objectives

Four objectives established in *Destination 2040*:

- 1. Reduce greenhouse gases generated in the Boston region by all transportation modes
- 2. Reduce other transportation-related pollutants
- 3. Minimize negative environmental impacts of the transportation system
- 4. Support land-use policies consistent with smart, healthy, and resilient growth



Current Criteria: Objectives

Objective	Criterion
Reduce greenhouse gases generated in the Boston region by all transportation modes	Reduces CO ₂ (up to 5 points)
Reduce other transportation-related pollutants	Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, NOx, CO) (up to 5 points)
Minimize negative environmental impacts of the transportation system	Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)
Support land-use policies consistent with smart, healthy, and resilient growth	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)

Summary of Feedback



Summary of Feedback: MPO

Survey

- Connect health and emissions
- Reward projects for reducing emissions in high-emission areas
- Reduce redundancy of water quality criterion
- Retain emphasis on quantitative criteria when possible

Focus Group

Emissions reductions are a co-benefit of other improvements (mode shift)



Summary of Feedback

• RTAC

 Consider weighting increases in emissions more heavily through negative scores

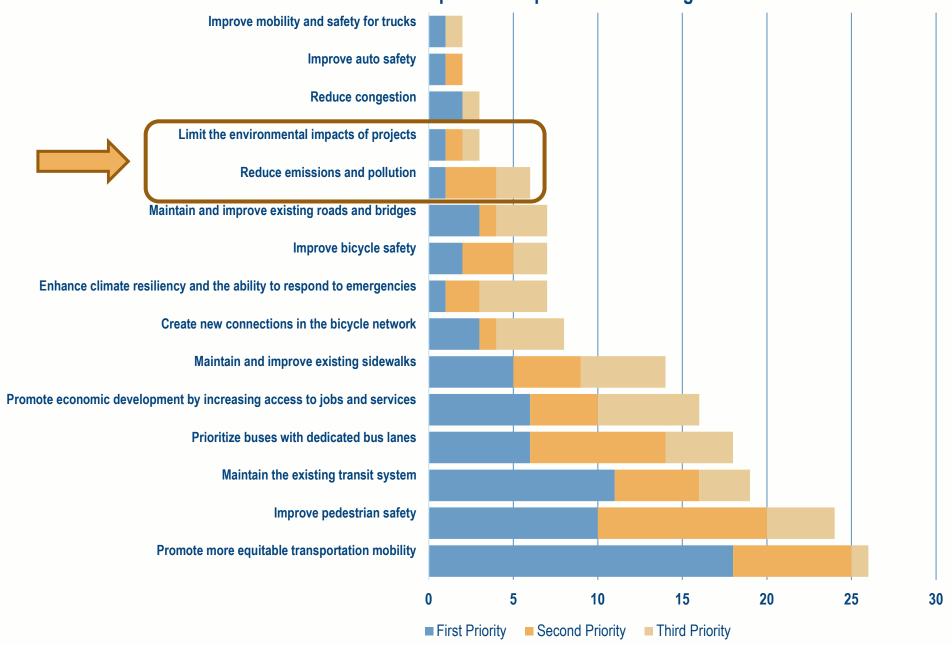
LivableStreets

- Increase emphasis on health
- Transportation for America
 - Reduce redundancy in water quality criterion
 - Remove "Green Community" criterion



Public Focus Groups

How can the MPO best improve transportation in the region?

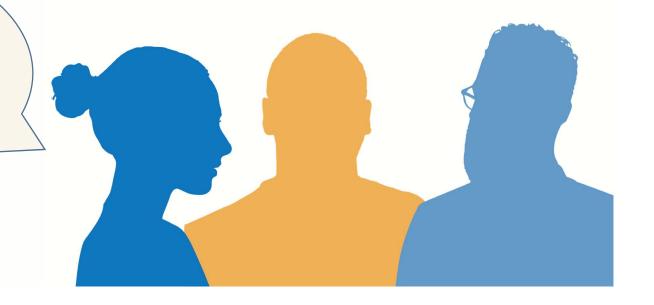


Public Survey How can the MPO best improve transportation in the region? Improve mobility and safety for trucks Improve auto safety Limit the environmental impacts of projects Maintain and improve existing sidewalks Enhance climate resiliency and the ability to respond to emergencies Maintain and improve existing roads and bridges Promote economic development by increasing access to jobs and services Maintain the existing transit system Prioritize buses with dedicated bus lanes Create new connections in the bicycle network **Reduce congestion** Improve bicycle safety Reduce emissions and pollution Promote more equitable transportation mobility Improve pedestrian safety 50 100 150 200 250 300

"The main goal of reducing emissions and pollution is the overarching, top priority. This can be accomplished by better bike networks and bus-only lanes, and a lot of the other priorities. It's most important to me because climate change seems to be getting more dire and we need to make drastic changes to how we commute and rely on our cars."

"Reducing emissions, noise pollution, and auto-related negative environmental externalities (urban canopy health, for example) improves overall quality of urban life."

"[Reducing emissions and pollution] is vital for health, equity, and addressing climate change; but also I expect it will naturally lead to achieving other goals, like enhancing bike and pedestrian safety"



Proposed Changes to Current Criteria



Existing Criterion: Reduces CO₂

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Reduces CO ₂	
Scale	+5 1,000+ annual tons reduced +4 500-999 +3 250-499 +2 100-249 +1 Less than 100 0 No impact -1 Less than 100 -2 100-249 -3 250-499 -4 500-999 -5 1,000+ annual tons increased	
Discussion		

Existing Criterion: Reduces CO₂

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Reduces CO ₂	Reduces CO ₂
Scale	+5 1,000+ annual tons reduced +4 500-999 +3 250-499 +2 100-249 +1 Less than 100 0 No impact -1 Less than 100 -2 100-249 -3 250-499 -4 500-999 -5 1,000+ annual tons increased	+5 1,000+ annual tons reduced +4 500-999 +3 250-499 +2 100-249 +1 Less than 100 0 No impact -1 Less than 100 -5 100+ annual tons increased
Discussion		Public outreach (RTAC) LRTP goals

Existing Criterion: Reduces Other Emissions (VOC, NOx, CO)

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Reduces other emissions (VOC, NOx, CO)	Reduces other emissions (VOC, NOx, CO, $PM_{2.5}$)
Scale	+5 2,000+ annual kilograms reduced +4 1,000-1,999 +3 500-999 +2 250-499 +1 Less than 250 0 No impact -1 Less than 250 -2 250-499 -3 500-999 -4 1,000-1,999 -5 2,000+ annual kilograms increased	 +5 2,000+ annual kilograms reduced +4 1,000-1,999 +3 500-999 +2 250-499 +1 Less than 250 O No impact -1 Less than 250 -5 250+ annual kilograms increased +2 Project reduces emissions in area above state average for PM_{2.5} -2 Project increases emissions in area above state average for PM_{2.5}
Discussion		Public outreach (RTAC) LRTP goals, MassDOT using Public outreach (health equity)

Existing Criterion: Addresses Environmental Impacts

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Addresses environmental impacts	Addresses environmental impacts
Scale	 +1 Address water quality +1 Address cultural resources/open space +1 Address wetlands/resource areas +1 Address wildlife preservation/habitat 	 +3 Project reduces impervious surfaces or invests in green infrastructure +1 Project uses stormwater BMPs to improve existing conditions 0 No impact -1 Project expands impervious surfaces OR does not fully address existing water quality issues +1 Project avoids negative impacts to cultural resources, open space, wetlands, natural resource areas, wildlife areas, or protected habitats
Discussion		Reduce redundancy (T4A)

Existing Criterion: Green Community

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community"	Project enhances natural environment
Scale	+2 Project located in "Green Community"	 +1 Project results in net increase in tree canopy coverage +1 Project increases access to parks, open space, or other natural assets
Discussion		LRTP resilience 80% GC coverage Outreach



Addressing Transportation Equity in the Clean Air/Sustainable Communities Goal Area

March 5, 2020

Betsy Harvey

Outline

- Recap of proposed revisions to Clean Air/Sustainable Communities (CA/SC) criteria
- Overview of transportation equity (TE) scoring proposal
- Proposed CA/SC criteria for evaluating impacts on equity populations
- Creating an equity index
- Application to CA/SC criteria



Existing and Proposed Criteria: Reduces CO₂

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Reduces Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	Reduces CO ₂
Scale	+5 1,000+ annual tons reduced +4 500-999 +3 250-499 +2 100-249 +1 Less than 100 0 No impact -1 Less than 100 -2 100-249 -3 250-499 -4 500-999 -5 1,000+ annual tons increased	+5 1,000+ annual tons reduced +4 500-999 +3 250-499 +2 100-249 +1 Less than 100 0 No impact -1 Less than 100 -5 100+ annual tons increased



Existing and Proposed Criteria: Reduces Other Emissions

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Reduces other emissions [volatile organic compounds (VOC), nitrogen oxides (NOx), and carbon monoxide CO]	Reduces other emissions [VOC, NOx, CO, particulate matter (PM _{2.5})]
Scale	+5 2,000+ annual kilograms reduced +4 1,000-1,999 +3 500-999 +2 250-499 +1 Less than 250 0 No impact -1 Less than 250 -2 250-499 -3 500-999 -4 1,000-1,999 -5 2,000+ annual kilograms increased	 +5 2,000+ annual kilograms reduced +4 1,000-1,999 +3 500-999 +2 250-499 +1 Less than 250 0 No impact -1 Less than 250 -5 250+ annual kilograms increased +2 Project reduces emissions in area above state average for PM_{2.5} -2 Project increases emissions in area above state average for PM_{2.5}

Existing and Proposed Criteria: Addresses Environmental Impacts

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Addresses environmental impacts	Addresses environmental impacts
Scale	 +1 Address water quality +1 Address cultural resources/open space +1 Address wetlands/resource areas +1 Address wildlife preservation/habitat 	 +3 Project reduces impervious surfaces or invests in green infrastructure +1 Project uses stormwater best management practices to improve existing conditions 0 No impact -1 Project expands impervious surfaces OR does not fully address existing water quality issues +1 Project avoids negative impacts to cultural
		resources, open space, wetlands, natural resource areas, wildlife areas, or protected habitats

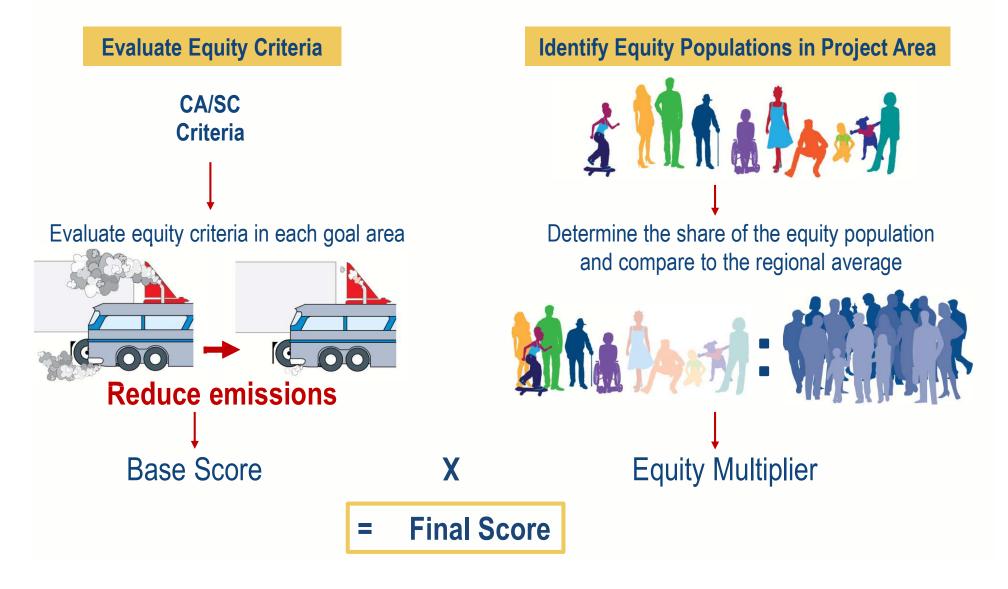
Existing and Proposed Criteria: Green Community

	Existing	Proposed
Criterion	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community"	Project enhances natural environment
Scale	+2 Project located in "Green Community"	 +1 Project results in net increase in tree canopy coverage +1 Project increases access to parks, open space, or other natural assets



Proposed Evaluation Framework

Goal: Evaluate project's impacts on equity populations



Proposed CA/SC Criteria

Reduces CO₂

 Reduces other transportation-related emissions (CO, NOx, VOCs, and PM_{2.5})

 Addresses environmental impacts

Enhances the natural environment

"People who live along busy roadways are typically minorities, low income, or other sensitive groups.

They are disproportionately impacted by the effects of pollution and emissions."

TE Populations

Minority population



Low-income population (≤ 200% of the poverty level)



People with limited English proficiency (LEP)



Elderly population (ages 75 and older)



People with disabilities



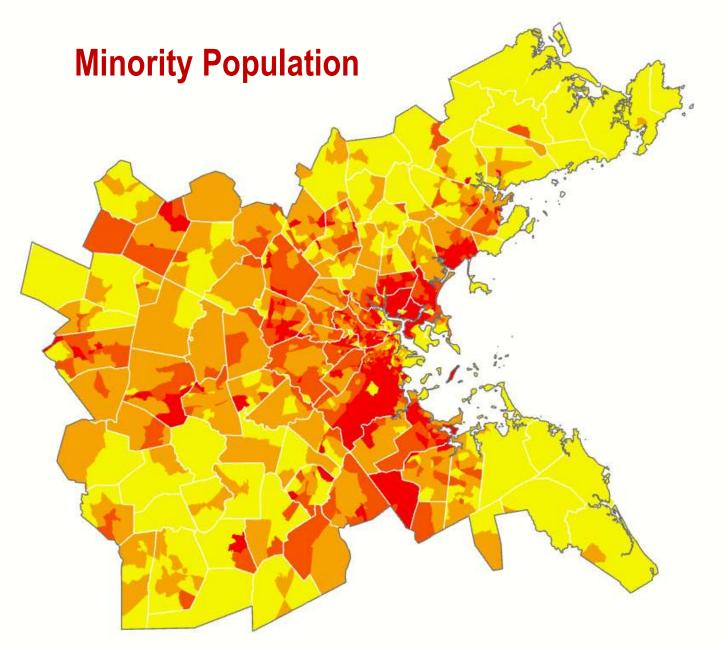
Youth population (ages 17 and younger)

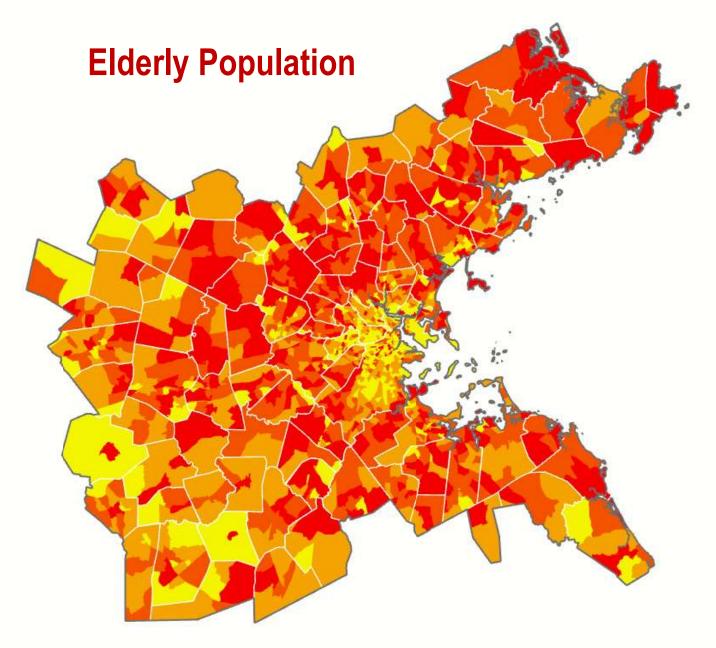


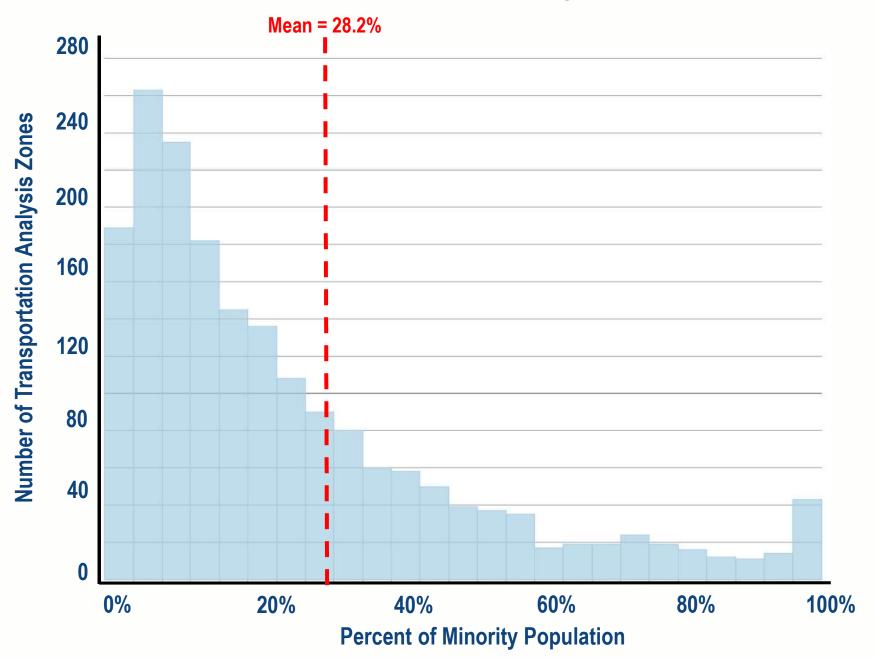
Step 1

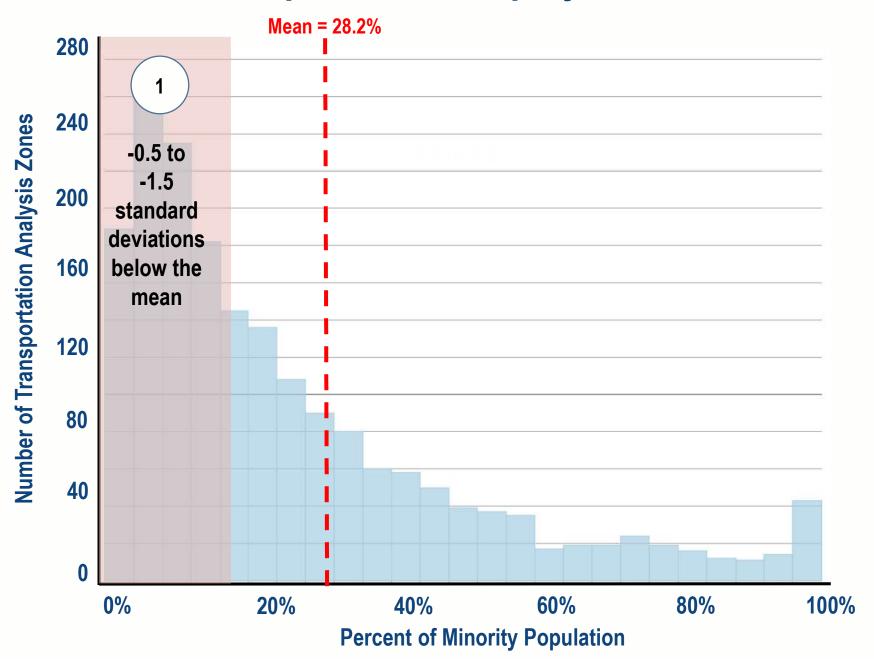
Create Equity Index

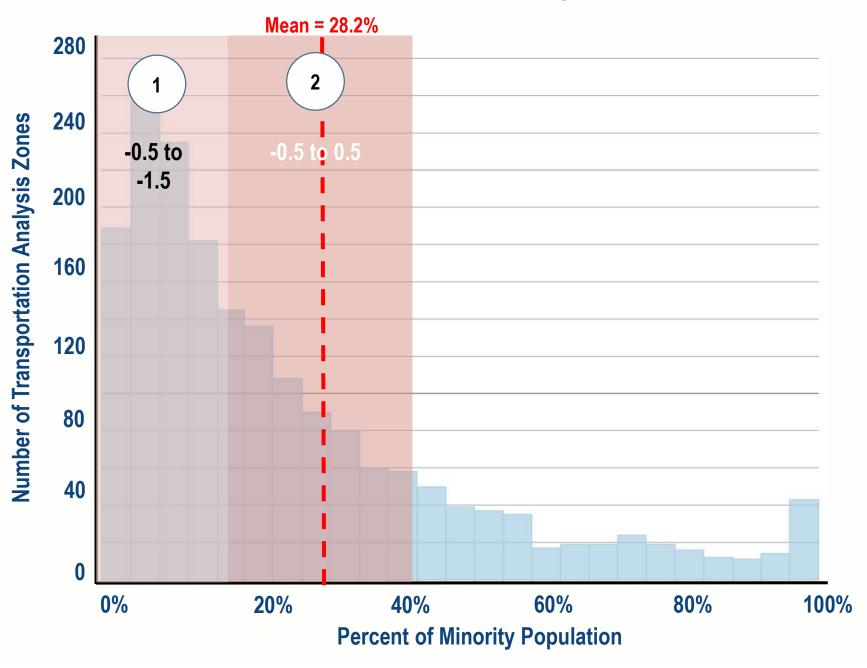


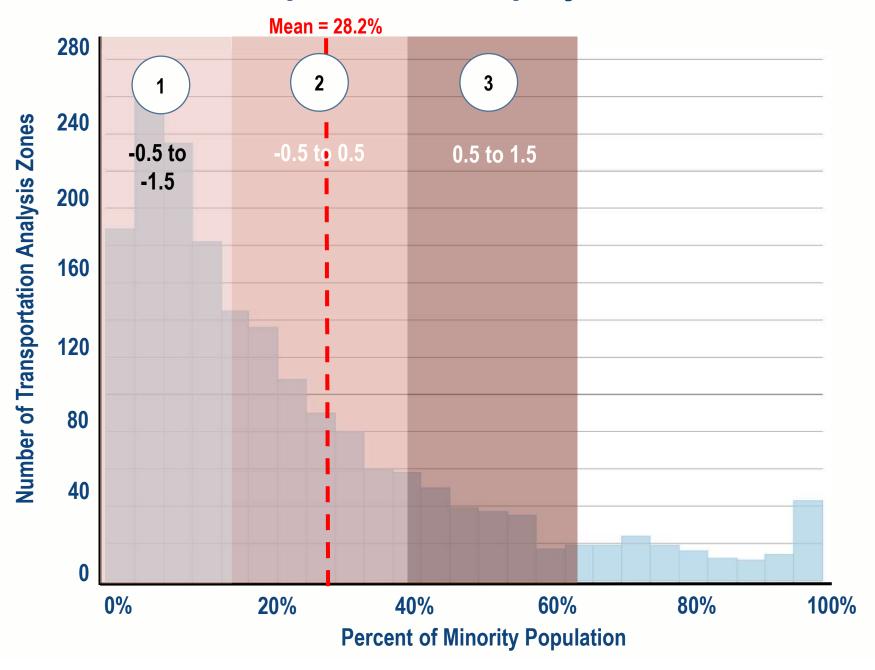




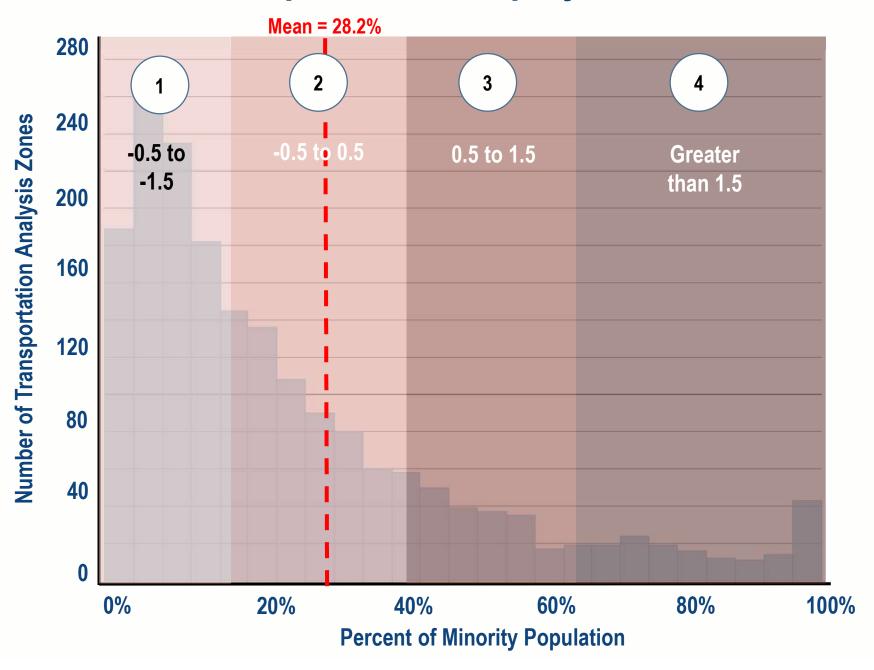








Step 1: Create Equity Index



Step 1: Create Equity Index

Demographic Group	Base Index Points	Population Weight	Maximum Index Points
Minority population	1 through 4	x2	8
Low-income population		x1	4
People with LEP		x1	4
People with disabilities		x0.5	2
Elderly population		x0.5	2
Youth population		x0.5	2
HIGHEST POSSIBLE INDEX		22	



Step 2 Score Project



Step 2: Score Project

Identify Project's Equity Multiplier

Project's Equity Index	Project's Equity Multiplier
1 to 5	1.25
6 to 10	1.5
11 to 15	1.75
16 or greater	2

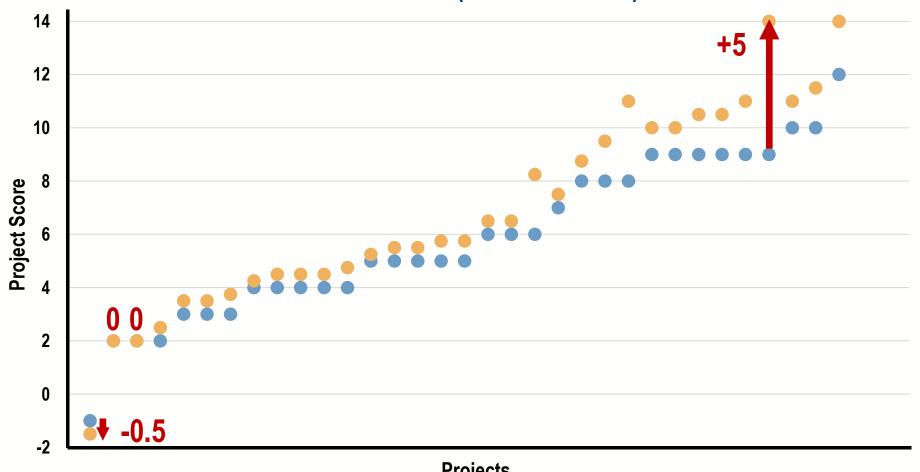


Step 2 Score Project

Hypothetical Project Scores for CA/SC Criteria

Criteria	Base Score	Multiplier	Final Score
Reduces CO ₂ emissions	3	None	3
Reduces other transportation- related emissions (CO, NOx, VOCs, and PM _{2.5})	5	1.5	7.5
Addresses environmental impacts	1	None	1
Enhances the natural environment	2	None	2
	11		13.5

Change between Original and Revised CA/SC Scores (FFYs 2017-20)



Projects

Original Score

Revised Score

Notes:

- Does not include PM_{2.5} criteria
- Two project scores did not change
- Average change of +1



TIP Criteria Revisions: Safety

June 11, 2020

Matt Genova

Transportation Improvement Program Manager

Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization

Today's Presentation

- Goals for today
- Framing the conversation
- Summary of feedback
- Proposed changes to current criteria
- Next steps
- Discussion



Goals for Today



Goals for Today

- 1. Provide feedback on general direction of Safety criteria
- 2. Suggest additional changes or other topics for further exploration within this goal area
- 3. Set the stage for today's discussion of Equity criteria



Framing the Conversation



Framing the Conversation: Principles

- Manageable to implement
- Make use of best available data and methods
- Create balance across investment programs
- Both realistic and aspirational
- Clear to project proponents and other stakeholders



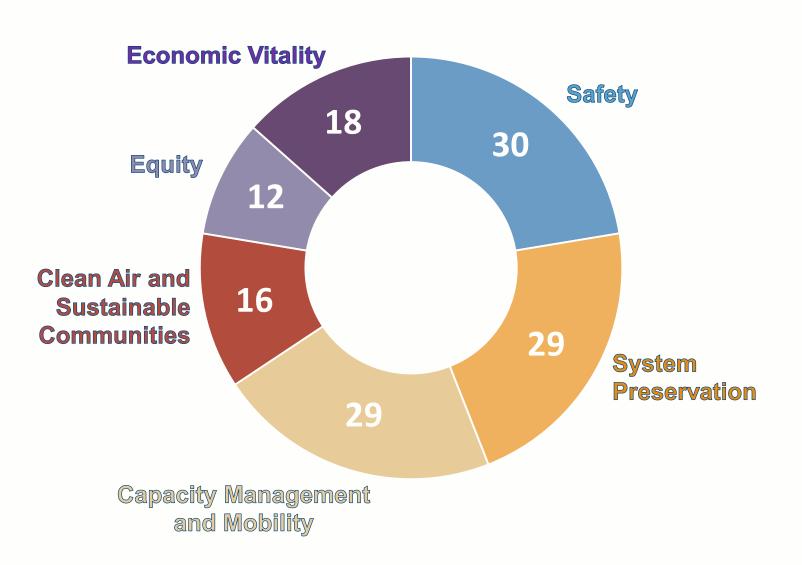
Framing the Conversation: Notes

- Point values will be refined at a later date
- Changes are subject to continued feedback
- Criteria will vary by investment program



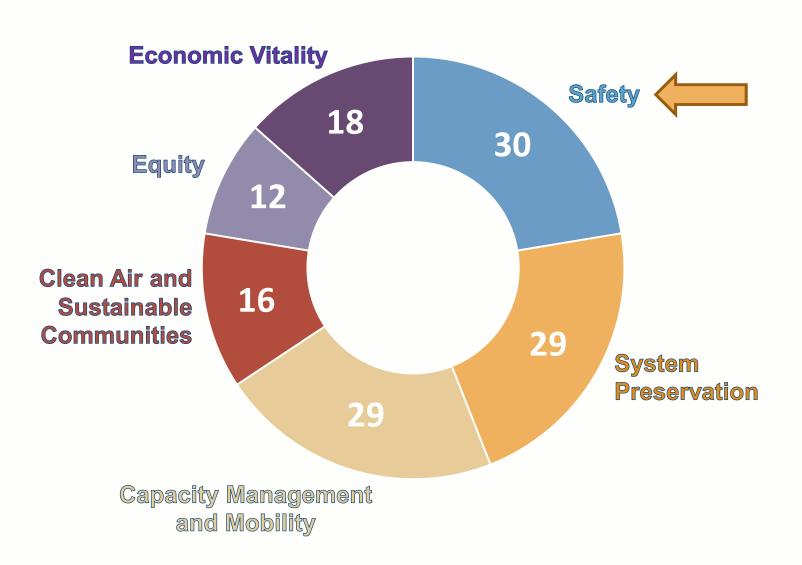
Current Criteria: Overview

Current TIP Criteria: Point Allocations (134 Possible Points)



Current Criteria: Overview

Current TIP Criteria: Point Allocations (134 Possible Points)



Current Criteria: Objectives

- Three objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Reduce the number and severity of crashes and safety incidents for all modes



Current Criteria: Objectives

- Three objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Reduce the number and severity of crashes and safety incidents for all modes
 - 2. Reduce serious injuries and fatalities from transportation



Current Criteria: Objectives

- Three objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Reduce the number and severity of crashes and safety incidents for all modes
 - 2. Reduce serious injuries and fatalities from transportation
 - 3. Make investments and support initiatives that help protect transportation customers, employees, and the public from safety and security threats



Current Criteria: Scoring

Criteria	Scoring
Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index	Up to 5 points
Crash rate (either intersection or corridor)	Up to 5 points
Improves truck-related safety issue	Up to 5 points
Improves bicycle safety	Up to 5 points
Improves pedestrian safety	Up to 5 points
Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing	Up to 5 points



Summary of Feedback



Summary of Feedback: MPO

Survey

- Quantitative safety criteria are clear, but EPDO is nebulous
- More definition needed around levels of safety countermeasure effectiveness



Summary of Feedback: MPO

Survey

- Quantitative safety criteria are clear, but EPDO is nebulous
- More definition needed around levels of safety countermeasure effectiveness

Focus Group

- Safety is paramount
- Promoting safety for one mode can enhance safety for others
- Without safety, mode shift is difficult



• RTAC

- Pedestrian safety is critical
- Focus scoring on the degree of improvement



- RTAC
 - Pedestrian safety is critical
 - Focus scoring on the degree of improvement
- LivableStreets Alliance
 - Reduce focus on property damage only crashes



- RTAC
 - Pedestrian safety is critical
 - Focus scoring on the degree of improvement
- LivableStreets Alliance
 - Reduce focus on property damage only crashes
- Conservation Law Foundation
 - Focus on places with most critical needs

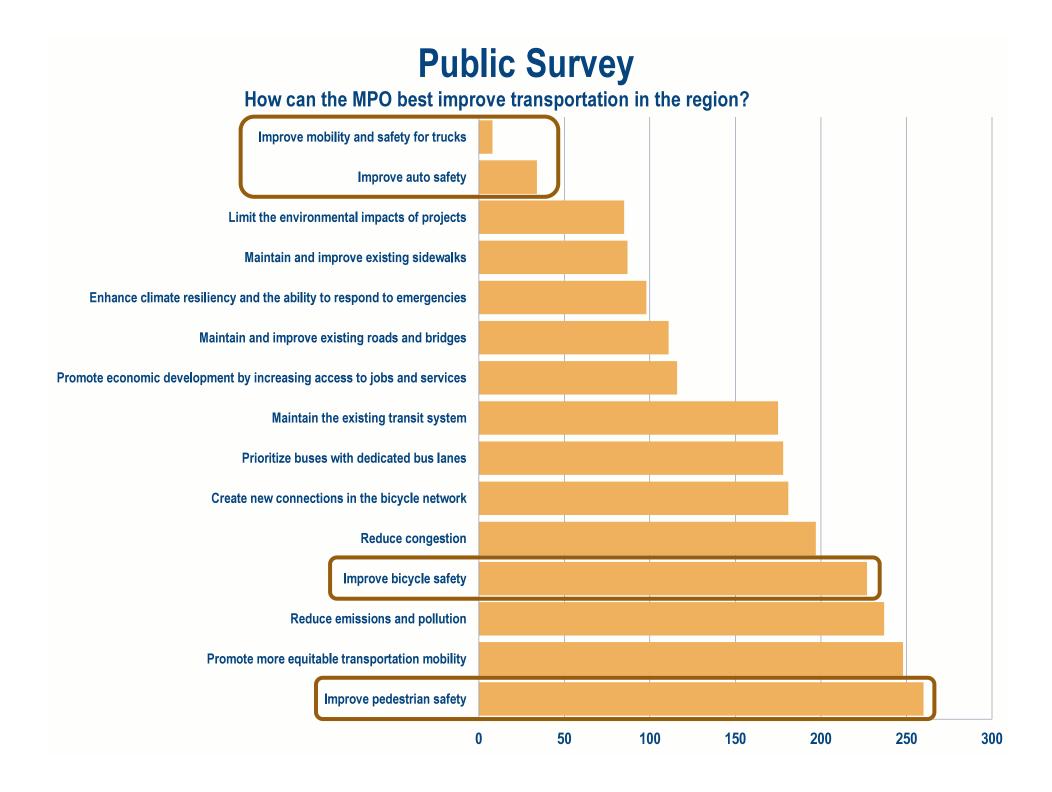


• RTAC

- Pedestrian safety is critical
- Focus scoring on the degree of improvement
- LivableStreets Alliance
 - Reduce focus on property damage only crashes
- Conservation Law Foundation
 - Focus on places with most critical needs
- Transportation for America
 - Reduce number of criteria overall



Public Focus Groups How can the MPO best improve transportation in the region? Improve mobility and safety for trucks Improve auto safety Reduce congestion Limit the environmental impacts of projects Reduce emissions and pollution Maintain and improve existing roads and bridges Improve bicycle safety Enhance climate resiliency and the ability to respond to emergencies Create new connections in the bicycle network Maintain and improve existing sidewalks Promote economic development by increasing access to jobs and services Prioritize buses with dedicated bus lanes Maintain the existing transit system Improve pedestrian safety Promote more equitable transportation mobility 10 15 20 25 30 ■ First Priority Second Priority ■ Third Priority

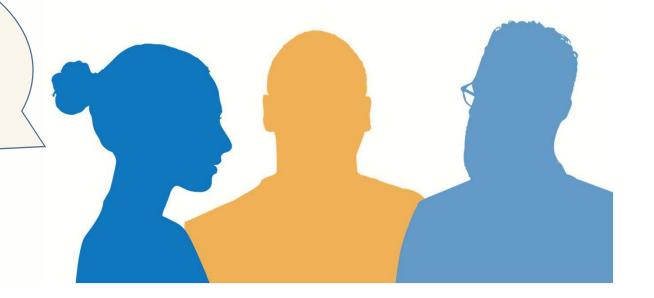


A system that works for pedestrians is a more equitable system. Further, the Boston region has many places where pedestrian activity is hindered or precluded by the transportation network.

Removing these impediments empowers residents."

"Bicycle safety is a top priority and many of the things we can do to make streets safe for bikes can make them safer for drivers and pedestrians too."

"Boston's roads are notoriously difficult to navigate and are setup for accidents of all kinds"



Proposed Changes to Current Criteria



Proposed Changes: Key Takeaways

Criteria	Key Takeaway
Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index	Update scoring scale to reflect new EPDO values
Crash rate (either intersection or corridor)	Focus scoring on injury and fatality crashes
Improves truck-related safety issue	Reallocate bonus points to focus on multimodal safety improvements
Improves bicycle safety	Distinguish between roadway and bicycle/pedestrian projects
Improves pedestrian safety	Distinguish between roadway and bicycle/pedestrian projects
Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing	Reimagine scoring to recognize more multimodal safety improvements
Project addresses documented safety issue	Add criterion to evaluate safety improvements of transit projects

Existing Criterion: Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only

	Existing	Proposed – All Programs
Criterion	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index
Scale	 +5 EPDO value of 300 or more +4 EPDO value of 200-299 +3 EPDO value of 100-199 +2 EPDO value of 50-99 +1 EPDO value less than 50 0 No EPDO value 	 O-5 point scale, based on: Calculated EPDO value using updated methodology Different EPDO values for bicycle/pedestrian projects
Discussion		 Update scale: new methodology Public feedback Performance measures



Existing Criterion: Crash Rate

	Existing	Proposed – CS, INT, MI
Criterion	Crash rate (either intersection or corridor)	Fatality and serious injury rate (either intersection or corridor)
Scale	 0-5 point scale, based on: Intersection or corridor Intersection: Signalized vs. unsignalized Corridor: Roadway classification (highway, principal arterial, etc.) 	 0-5 point scale, based on: Intersection or corridor Intersection: Signalized vs. unsignalized Corridor: Roadway classification (highway, principal arterial, etc.)
Discussion		 Remove property-damage only crashes from rate Remove from bike/ped scoring Public feedback Performance measures

Existing Criterion: Improves Truck-Related Safety Issue

	Existing	Proposed – CS, INT, MI
Criterion	Improves truck-related safety issue	Improves truck-related safety issue
Scale	 +3 High total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures +2 Medium total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures +1 Low total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures 0 Does not implement truck safety countermeasures +2 Improves truck safety at HSIP cluster 	 +3 High total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures +2 Medium total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures +1 Low total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures 0 Does not implement truck safety countermeasures
Discussion		 Clarify methodology Adjust HSIP bonus structure Remove from bike/ped scoring

Existing Criteria: Improves Bicycle/Pedestrian Safety

	Existing	Proposed – CS, INT, MI
Criterion	Improves bicycle/pedestrian safety	Improves bicycle/pedestrian safety
Scale	 +3 High total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +2 Medium total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +1 Low total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures 0 Does not implement bike/ped safety countermeasures 	 +3 High total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +2 Medium total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +1 Low total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures 0 Does not implement bike/ped safety countermeasures
	+1 Improves bike/ped safety at all-mode HSIP cluster+2 Improves bike/ped safety at bike/ped HSIP cluster	 +1 Improves bike/ped safety at all-mode HSIP cluster +2 Improves bike/ped safety at bike/ped HSIP cluster OR multiple all-mode HSIP
Discussion		 Clarify methodology Adjust HSIP bonus structure
35		Adjust HSIP Donus structure

Existing Criteria: Improves Bicycle/Pedestrian Safety

	Existing	Proposed – Bike/Ped
Criterion	Improves bicycle/pedestrian safety	Improves bicycle/pedestrian safety
Scale	 +3 High total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +2 Medium total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +1 Low total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures O Does not implement bike/ped safety countermeasures 	 +8 High total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +5 Medium total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures +2 Low total effectiveness of bike/ped safety countermeasures 0 Does not implement bike/ped safety countermeasures
	 +1 Improves bike/ped safety at all-mode HSIP cluster +2 Improves bike/ped safety at bike/ped HSIP cluster 	 +1 Improves bike/ped safety at one all-mode HSIP cluster +2 Improves bike/ped safety at bike/ped HSIP cluster OR multiple all-mode HSIP clusters
Discussion 36		 Adjusted methodology Higher point values

Existing Criterion: Improves Safety or Removes an at-Grade Railroad Crossing

	Existing	Proposed – CS, INT, MI
Criterion	Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing	Improves safety for all users
Scale	 +5 Removes an at-grade railroad crossing +3 Significantly improves safety at an atgrade railroad crossing +1 Improves safety at an at-grade railroad crossing 0 Does not include a railroad crossing 	 0-5 point scale, based on: Railroad crossing improvements Signal improvements Roadway geometry improvements Traffic-calming features +1 Improves safety at all-mode HSIP cluster +2 Improves safety at multiple all-mode HSIP clusters +3 Improves safety at Top-200 crash location
Discussion		 Public feedback Revised HSIP bonus structure N/A to bike/ped projects

New Criterion: Transit Modernization

Proposed – Transit Mod.
Project addresses documented safety issue
 +8 Project addresses documented safety issues identified through a Federal or State investigation, audit, or finding; or top priority safety issues or hazards as identified by transit agency evaluations. +5 Project addresses other safety issues or hazards as identified by transit agency evaluations. +2 Project does not specifically address identified safety issues but would reduce potential hazards 0 No specific safety benefits identified
Forthcoming transit agency safety reports

Future Opportunities to Explore

- Expected crash calculations
 - What:
 - Breaks project areas down into segments and intersections and analyzes the potential for safety improvement at each
 - Why not now:
 - Labor intensive
- Crash Modification Factors
 - What:
 - Predicts reductions in crashes due to specific changes in roadway elements
 - Why not now:
 - Too detailed for pre-25%





Addressing Transportation Equity in the Safety Goal Area

June 11, 2020

Betsy Harvey

Outline

- Overview of transportation equity scoring proposal
- Proposed safety criteria for evaluating impacts on equity populations
- Application to safety criteria



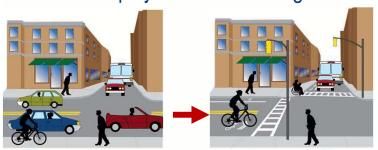
Proposed Equity Evaluation Framework

Goal: Evaluate project's impacts on equity populations



Criteria

Evaluate equity criteria in each goal area



Improves pedestrian safety



X

Identify Equity Populations in Project Area



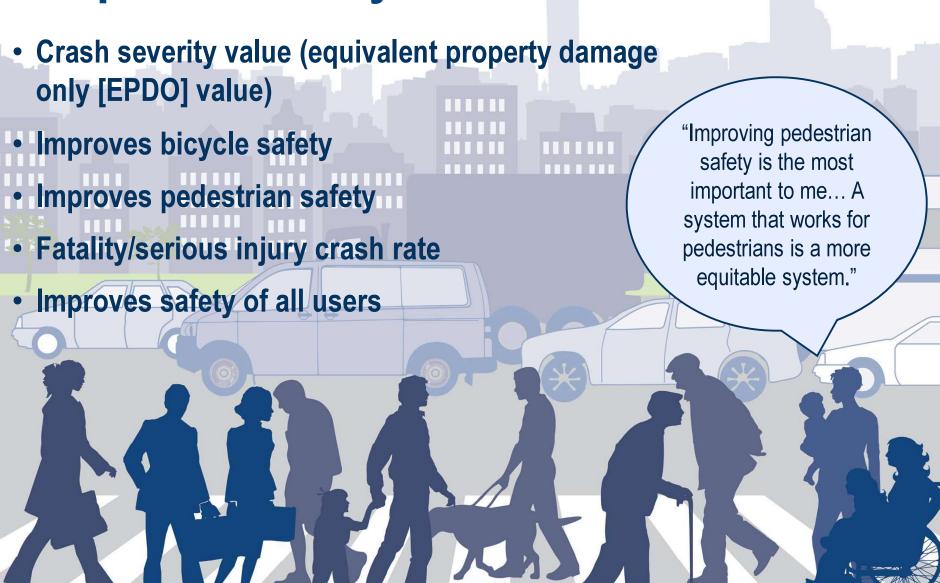
Determine the share of the equity population and compare to the regional average



Equity Multiplier

Final Score

Proposed Safety Criteria

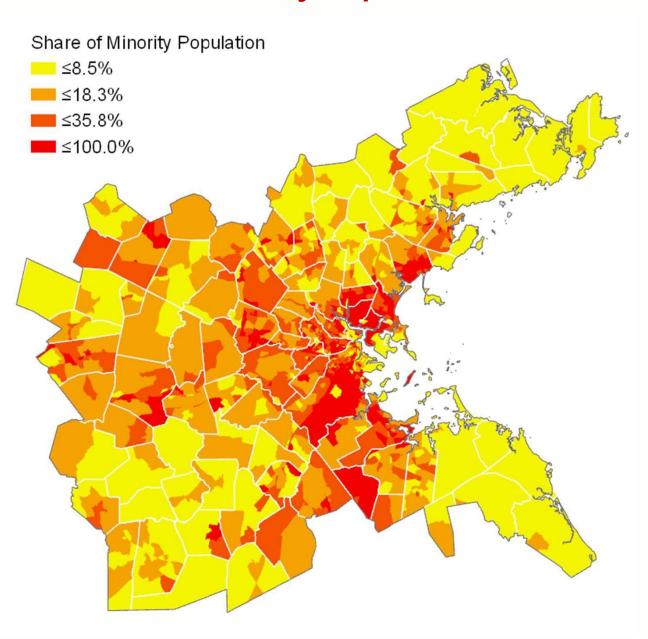


Step 1

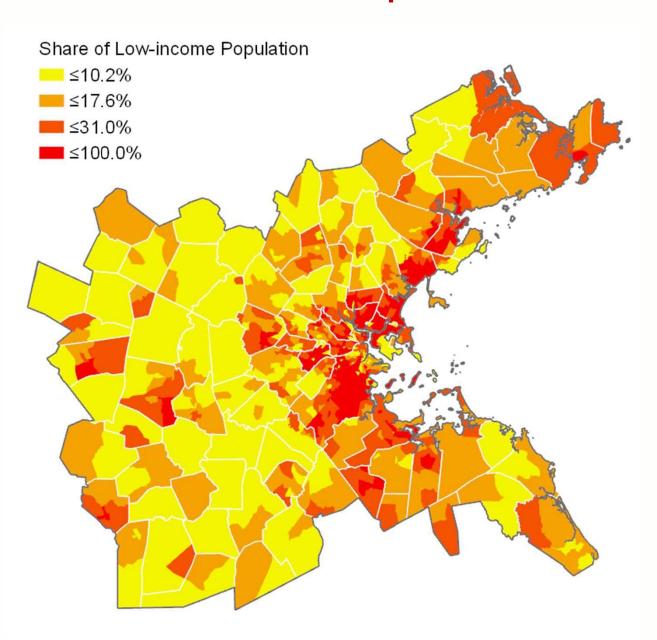
Create Equity Index



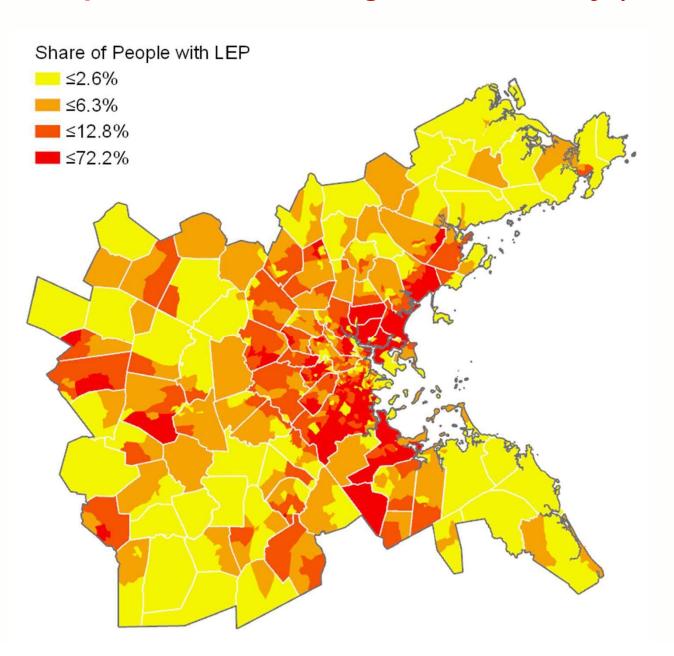
Minority Population



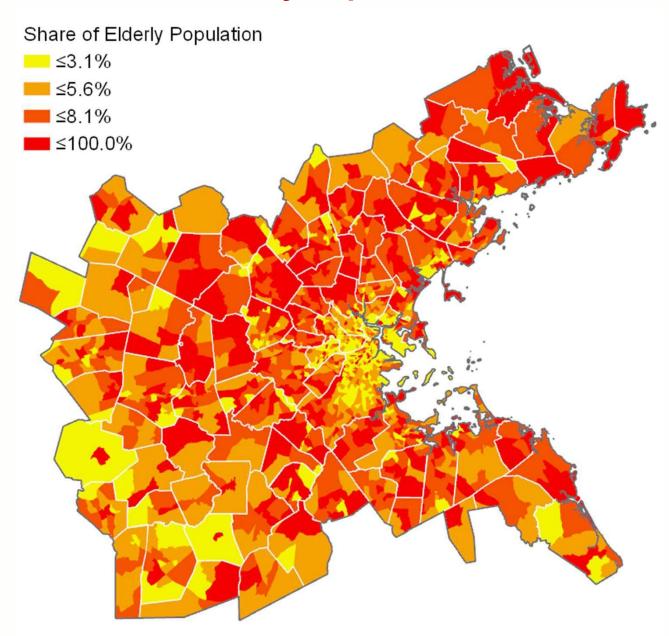
Low-income Population



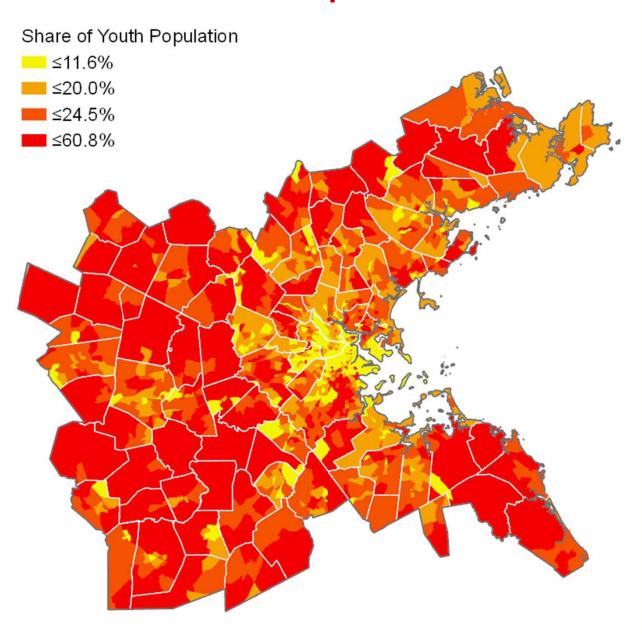
People with Limited English Proficiency (LEP)



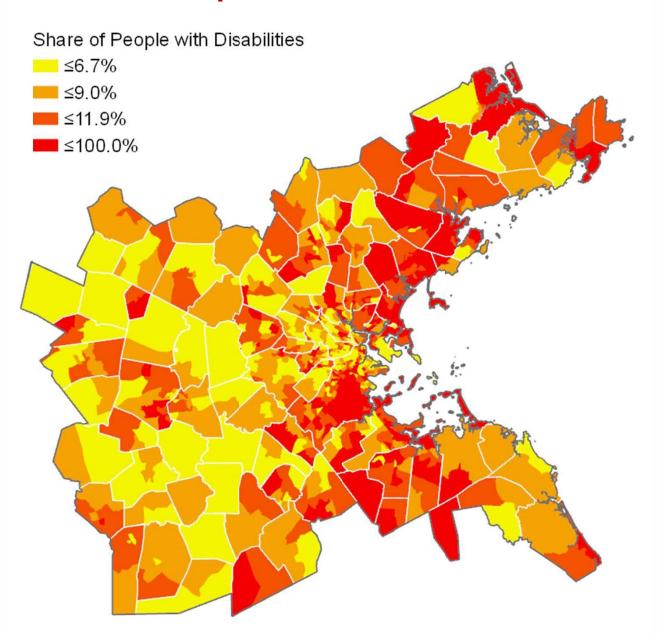
Elderly Population



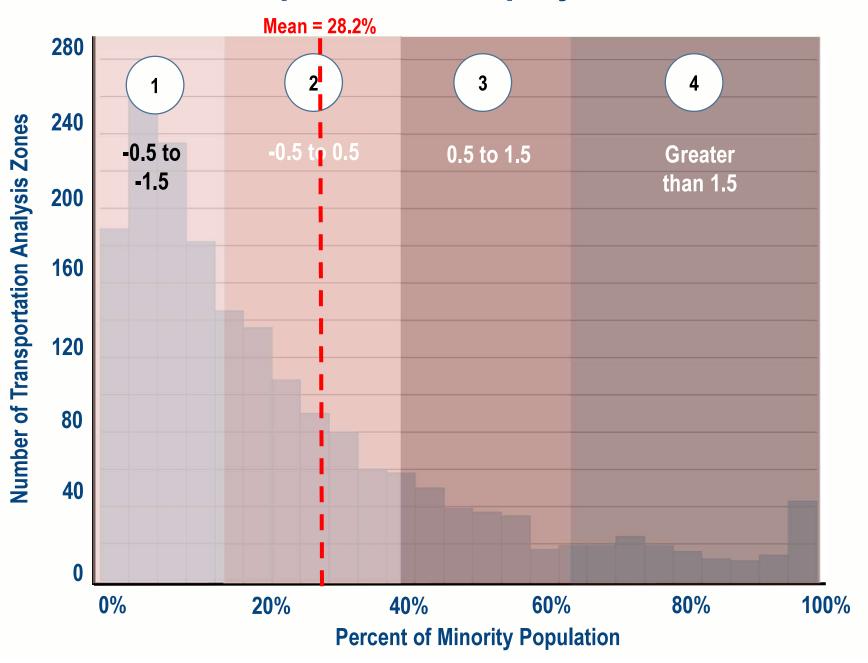
Youth Population



People with Disabilities



Step 1: Create Equity Index



Step 1: Create Equity Index

For Each Project

Demographic Group	Base Index Points	Population Weight	Maximum Index Points
Minority population		x2	8
Low-income population		x1	4
People with LEP	1 through 4	x1	4
People with disabilities		x0.5	2
Elderly population		x0.5	2
Youth population		x0.5	2
HIGHEST POSSIBLE EQU	22		



Step 2 Score Project



Step 2: Score Project

Identify Project's Equity Multiplier

Project's Equity Index	Project's Equity Multiplier
1 to 5	1.25
6 to 10	1.50
11 to 15	1.75
16 or greater	2.00



Step 2: Score Project

Distribution of Equity Multipliers (Projects programmed in federal fiscal years 2017–21)

Equity Multiplier	Number of Projects
1.25	2
1.50	26
1.75	7
2.00	1

Step 2: Score Project

Hypothetical Project Scores for Safety Criteria

Criteria	Base Score	Multiplier	Final Score
Crash severity value (EPDO)	2	1.5	3
Fatality/serious injury crash rate	1	None	1
Improves safety for all road users	1	None	1
Improves pedestrian safety	3	1.5	4.5
Improves bicyclist safety	2	1.5	3
	9		12.5

Questions or Feedback?





TIP Criteria Revisions: Economic Vitality

June 11, 2020

Matt Genova and Betsy Harvey

TIP and Equity Program Managers

Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization

Today's Presentation

- Goals for today
- Framing the conversation
- Summary of feedback
- Proposed changes to current criteria
- Next steps
- Discussion



Goals for Today



Goals for Today

- 1. Provide feedback on general direction of Economic Vitality criteria
- 2. Suggest additional changes or other topics for further exploration within this goal area



Framing the Conversation



Framing the Conversation: Principles

- Manageable to implement
- Make use of best available data and methods
- Create balance across investment programs
- Both realistic and aspirational
- Clear to project proponents and other stakeholders



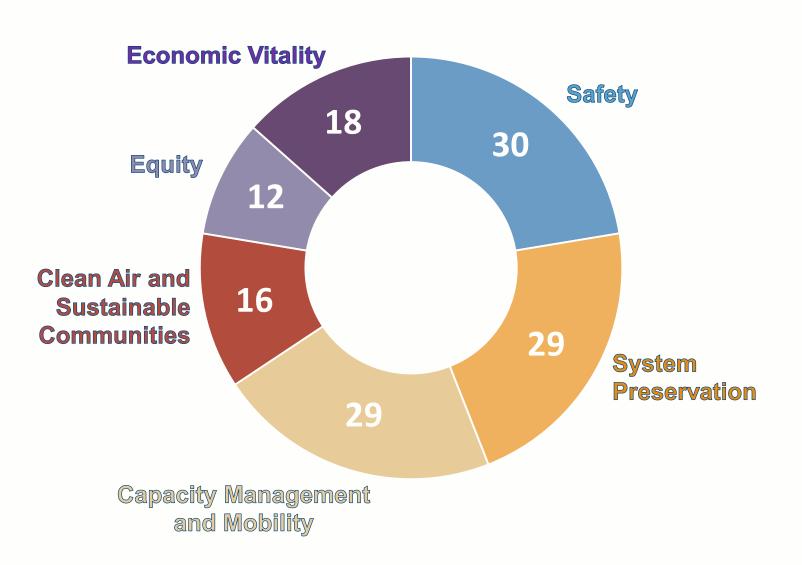
Framing the Conversation: Notes

- Point values will be refined at a later date
- Changes are subject to continued feedback
- Equity criterion embedded in goal area
- Criteria are consistent across investment programs



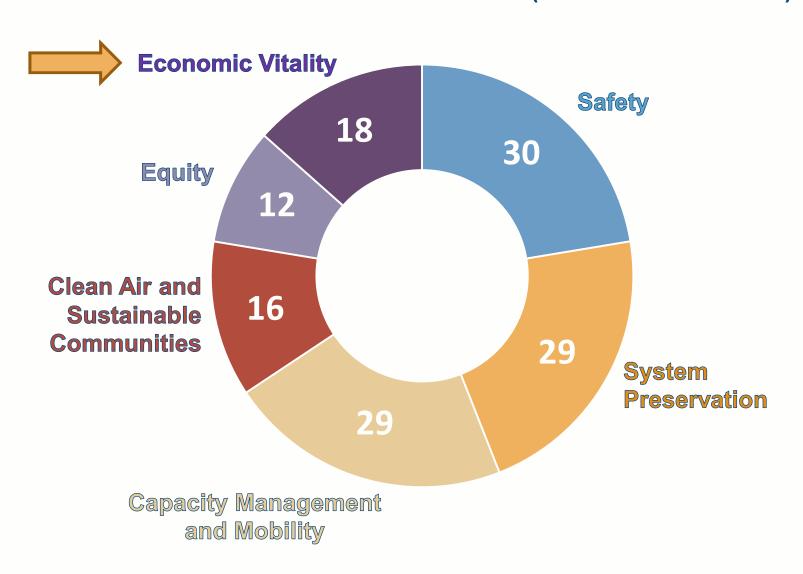
Current Criteria: Overview

Current TIP Criteria: Point Allocations (134 Possible Points)



Current Criteria: Overview

Current TIP Criteria: Point Allocations (134 Possible Points)



- Four objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Respond to the mobility needs of the workforce population



- Four objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Respond to the mobility needs of the workforce population
 - 2. Minimize the burden of housing and transportation costs for residents in the region



- Four objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Respond to the mobility needs of the workforce population
 - 2. Minimize the burden of housing and transportation costs for residents in the region
 - 3. Prioritize transportation investments that serve residential, commercial, and logistics targeted development sites and "Priority Places" identified in MBTA's Focus 40 plan



- Four objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Respond to the mobility needs of the workforce population
 - 2. Minimize the burden of housing and transportation costs for residents in the region
 - 3. Prioritize transportation investments that serve residential, commercial, and logistics targeted development sites and "Priority Places" identified in MBTA's Focus 40 plan
 - 4. Prioritize transportation investments that support development consistent with the compact growth strategies of the regional transportation plan



Current Criteria: Scoring

Criteria	Scoring
Serves targeted development site	Up to 6 points
Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture	Up to 5 points
Provides multimodal access to an activity center	Up to 4 points
Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding)	Up to 3 points



Summary of Feedback



Summary of Feedback: MPO

Survey

- Economic vitality is end result of functional system for all
- Score projects for increasing access to housing choices



Summary of Feedback: MPO

Survey

- Economic vitality is end result of functional system for all
- Score projects for increasing access to housing choices

Focus Group

- Economic development is critical for success of municipalities in region
- Connecting people with opportunity intertwined with safety, capacity management



Summary of Feedback: Other

• RTAC

- Link between congestion, economic vitality, and quality of life
- Consider gentrification impacts (housing affordability)



Summary of Feedback: Other

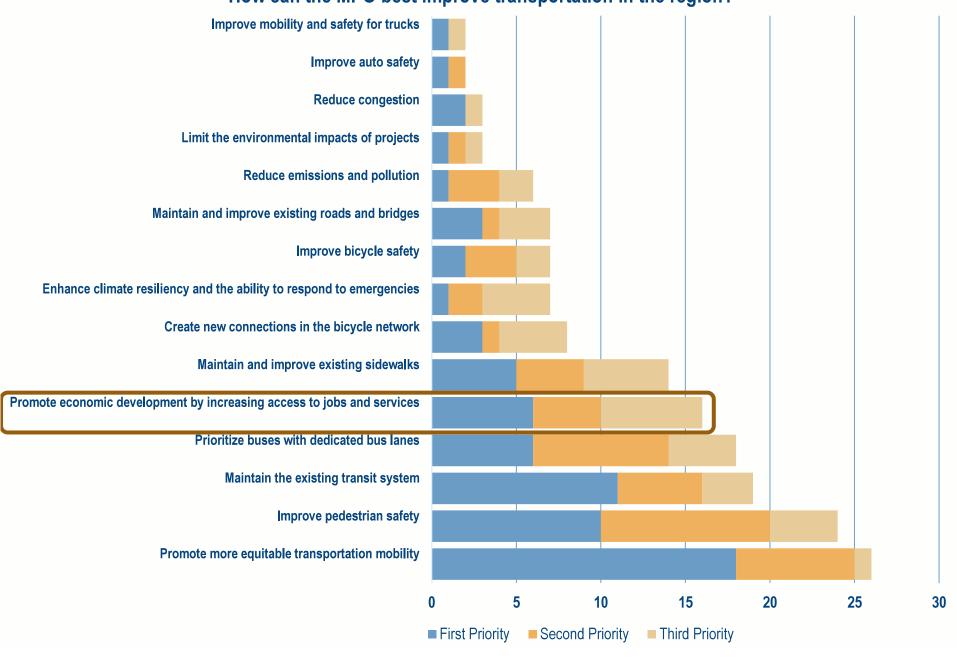
• RTAC

- Link between congestion, economic vitality, and quality of life
- Consider gentrification impacts (housing affordability)
- Transportation for America
 - Simplify scoring gradations within criteria
 - Evaluate projects based on increases in accessibility of jobs and services



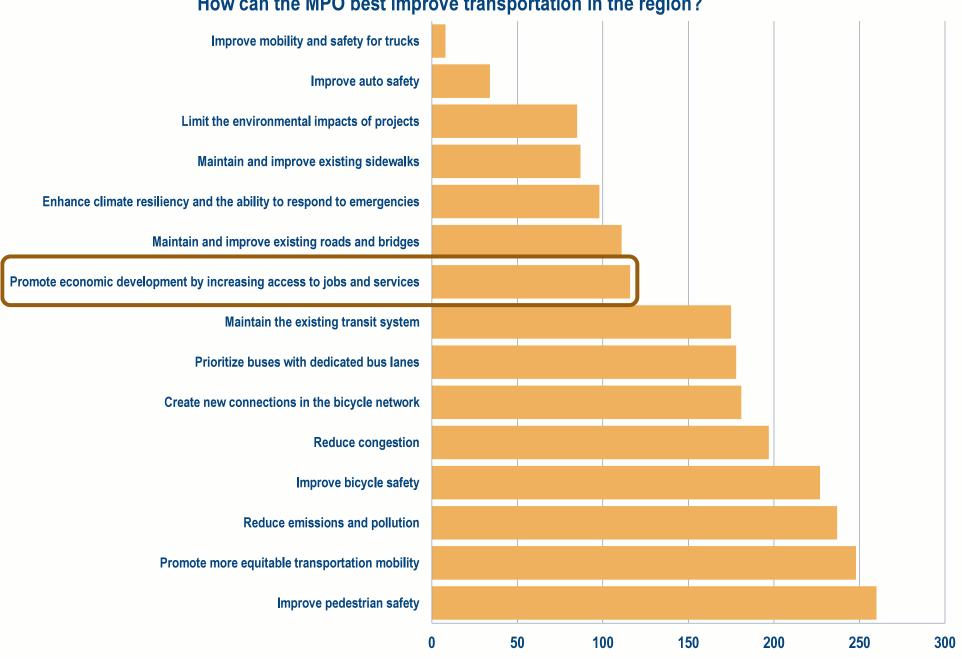
Public Focus Groups

How can the MPO best improve transportation in the region?



Public Survey

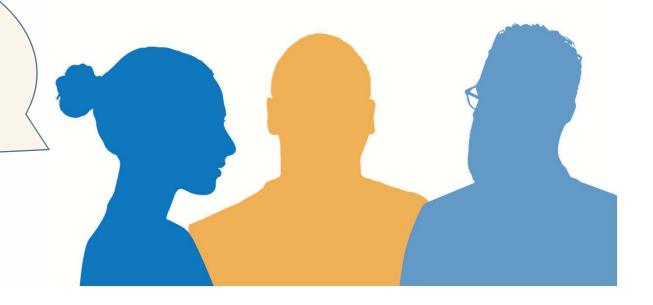
How can the MPO best improve transportation in the region?



"[Economic Vitality is] a
comprehensive look at the
transportation system to reduce
congestion, improve existing
transit, increase transit options
with the underlying
understanding that if we do that
our region will improve housing
choices, improve the journey to
work, and improve quality of life
while also becoming a destination
for businesses to locate."

""The number one indicator of getting out of poverty is mobility: access to jobs and opportunity."

"Increasing access also means we increase access equitably. People who need services fall into all age ranges and mobility and income levels. Similarly, working people have different income and mobility levels."



Proposed Changes to Current Criteria



Proposed Changes: Key Takeaways

Criteria	Key Takeaway
Serves targeted development site	Clarify scoring for improving access to future development sites
Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture	Focus scoring on improving access to existing dense development
Provides multimodal access to an activity center	Remove criterion to reduce redundancy
Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding)	Add bonus for community engagement
Promotes access to affordable housing opportunities	Add criterion to reward improving access to existing affordable housing

Existing Criterion: Serves Targeted Development Site

	Existing	Proposed – All Programs
Criterion	Serves targeted development site	Serves targeted development site
Scale	 +2 Provides new transit access to site +1 Improves existing transit access +1 Provides for bicycle access +1 Provides for pedestrian access +1 Provides for improved road access 0 Does not provide any of the above 	 +2 Provides new transit/bicycle/pedestrian access to site +1 Improves existing transit/bicycle/pedestrian access to site +1 Improves road access O Does not provide any of the above
Discussion		Clarify methodology



Existing Criterion: Provides for Development Consistent with MetroFuture

	Existing	Proposed – All Programs
Criterion	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MAPC's regional plan
Scale	 +2 Mostly serves an existing area of concentrated development +1 Partly serves an existing area of concentrated development +1 Supports local zoning or other regulations that are supportive of smart growth development +2 Complements other local financial or regulatory support that fosters economic revitalization in a manner consistent with smart growth development principles 0 Does not provide any of the above 	 +5 Mostly serves an existing area of concentrated development +2 Partly serves an existing area of concentrated development 0 Does not provide any of the above
Discussion		Focus criteria (T4A)

Existing Criterion: Provides Multimodal Access to an Activity Center

	Existing	Proposed – All Programs
Criterion	Provides multimodal access to an activity center	Remove
Scale	 +1 Provides transit access +1 Provides truck access +1 Provides bicycle access +1 Provides pedestrian access 0 Does not provide access 	Remove
Discussion		Reduce redundancy (T4A)



Existing Criterion: Leverages Other Investments (Non-TIP Funding)

	Existing	Proposed – All Programs
Criterion	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding)	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding)
Scale	 +3 Meets or addresses criteria to high degree (>30% of project cost) +2 Meets or addresses criteria to medium degree (10-30% of project cost) +1 Meets or addresses criteria to low degree (<10% of project cost) 0 Does not meet or address criteria 	 +3 Meets or addresses criteria to high degree (>30% of project cost) +2 Meets or addresses criteria to medium degree (10-30% of project cost) +1 Meets or addresses criteria to low degree (<10% of project cost) 0 Does not meet or address criteria +2 Project proponent supports design process through pilot project or dedicated community outreach process
Discussion		 MPO feedback (3C process) Public outreach (RTAC, others) Proponent feedback

New Criterion: Promotes Access to Affordable Housing Opportunities

	Existing	Proposed – All Programs
Criterion	None	Promotes access to affordable housing opportunities
Scale	None	Percent of housing units within the project area that count toward the municipality's 40B low-income housing requirements. +4 Greater than 11.2% of housing units are 40B-eligible +3 8.4% to 11.1% of housing units are 40B +2 5.6% to 8.3% of housing units are 40B +1 1.0% to 5.5% of housing units are 40B
Discussion		Public outreachLRTP goals



Economic Vitality Scoring Summary

Criteria	Current Scoring System	Proposed Scoring System
Serves targeted development site	6 points / 33%	7 points / 33%
Provides for development consistent with MAPC's regional plan	5 points / 28%	5 points / 24%
Provides multimodal access to activity center	4 points / 22%	N/A
Leverages other non-TIP investments	3 points / 17%	5 points / 24%
Promotes access to affordable housing opportunities	N/A	4 points / 19%

Future Opportunities to Explore

- Measuring destination access (Transportation for America)
 - What:
 - Accessibility tool like Sugar Access or Conveyal
 - Measure increase in access to jobs and services from specific projects
 - Why not now:
 - Access to license
 - Sustainability





TIP Criteria Revisions: System Preservation and Modernization

June 25, 2020

Matt Genova

Transportation Improvement Program Manager

Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization

Today's Presentation

- Goals for today
- Framing the conversation
- Summary of feedback
- Proposed changes to current criteria
- Next steps
- Discussion



Goals for Today



Goals for Today

- 1. Provide feedback on general direction of System Preservation criteria
- 2. Suggest additional changes or other topics for further exploration within this goal area
- 3. Set the stage for today's discussion of Equity criteria

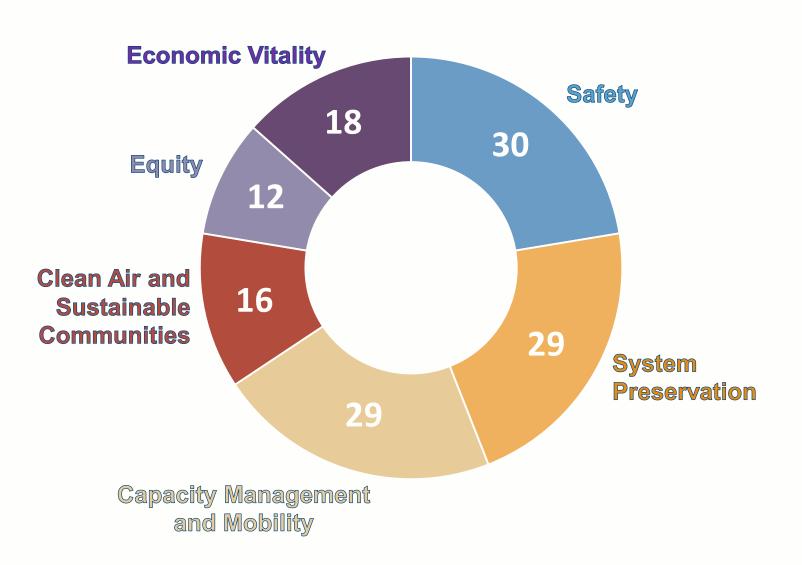


Framing the Conversation



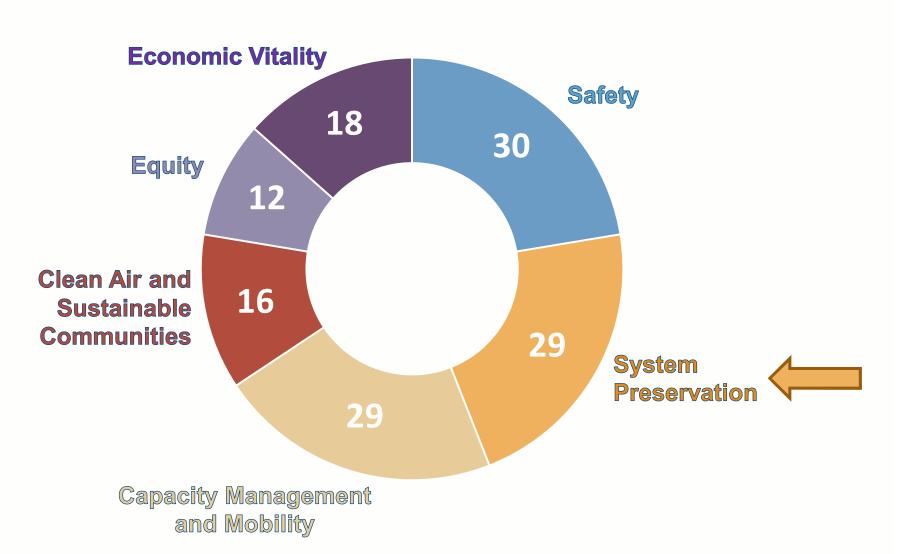
Current Criteria: Overview

Current TIP Criteria: Point Allocations (134 Possible Points)



Current Criteria: Overview

Current TIP Criteria: Point Allocations (134 Possible Points)



Current Criteria: Objectives

- Three objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Maintain the transportation system, including roadway, transit, and active transportation infrastructure, in a state of good repair



Current Criteria: Objectives

- Three objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Maintain the transportation system, including roadway, transit, and active transportation infrastructure, in a state of good repair
 - 2. Modernize transportation infrastructure across all modes



Current Criteria: Objectives

- Three objectives established in *Destination 2040*:
 - 1. Maintain the transportation system, including roadway, transit, and active transportation infrastructure, in a state of good repair
 - 2. Modernize transportation infrastructure across all modes
 - 3. Prioritize projects that support planned response capability to existing or future extreme conditions (sea level rise, flooding, and other natural and security-related man-made impacts)



Summary of Feedback



Summary of Feedback: MPO

Survey

- Climate resilience criteria need to be clarified
- System preservation criteria are helpful in scoring projects
- More emphasis on transit system maintenance



Summary of Feedback: MPO

Survey

- Climate resilience criteria need to be clarified
- System preservation criteria are helpful in scoring projects
- More emphasis on transit system maintenance

Focus Group

- Maintenance of existing system before expansion
- Transit reliability key to mode shift
- Road condition critical for future AV implementation



Summary of Feedback: Other

• RTAC

- Increase weighting of resilience criteria
- Consider more directly degree of improvements



Summary of Feedback: Other

RTAC

- Increase weighting of resilience criteria
- Consider more directly degree of improvements
- Transportation for America
 - Issue negative scores for projects that work against resiliency
 - Reexamine weighting of traffic signals, transit assets



Proposed Changes to Current Criteria



Approach to Criteria Changes

- Address both state of good repair and modernization
- Expand resilience criteria
- Reference asset management and resilience plans
- Penalize projects in hazard zones that do not address resilience
- Standardize methods for measuring asset condition
- Expand definition of critical facilities
- Tailor criteria to specific investment programs



System Preservation: Summary

Topic	Updated Criteria
Resiliency	Incorporates resiliency elements into its design
	Demonstrates regional coordination
	Improves emergency response
Asset Repair and Modernization	Improves and/or modernizes existing transit assets
	Improves existing bridges or culverts
	Improves existing pavement condition
	Improves existing sidewalks and paths
	Improves other existing roadway or bicycle/pedestrian facility assets

Criterion: Resiliency Elements

Criterion	Project incorporates resiliency elements into its design
Key Features	 Awards points for: Links to resiliency plans Addressing future conditions (flooding/sea level rise) Using climate-resilient materials or nature-based solutions Improving stormwater infrastructure Protecting the freight network Deducts points if project is located in hazard zone but doesn't address resilience
Updates to Existing Criterion	 Focuses on sea level rise and flooding Adds emphasis on materials/strategies Introduces penalty
Program Modifications	 Bicycle/Pedestrian and Transit Modernization Programs don't include freight network score
Discussion Topics	Point penalty

Criterion: Regional Coordination

Criterion	Project demonstrates regional coordination
Key Features	 Awards points for: Providing off-site resiliency benefits Proponent coordination with other resiliency projects
Updates to Existing Criterion	• N/A (new criterion)
Program Modifications	 N/A (same scoring across investment programs)
Discussion Topics	Similar to Community Connections scoring

Criterion: Emergency Response

Criterion	Project improves emergency response			
Key Features	 Awards points for: Improving an evacuation route, diversion route, or alternate diversion route Improving connectivity to critical facilities 			
Updates to Existing Criterion	 Expands definition of critical facilities to include schools, long-term care facilities, utilities, and other resilience- supporting facilities 			
Program Modifications	 Bicycle/Pedestrian and Transit Modernization Programs do not include evacuation route scores 			
Discussion Topics	Critical facilities definition			

Criterion: Transit Assets

Criterion	Project improves and/or modernizes existing transit assets			
Key Features	 Awards points for: Improving condition of existing transit assets Modernizing existing transit assets (Bonus) Improving operations- or safety-critical or climate-sensitive assets 			
Updates to Existing Criterion	Incorporates roadway-based transit assetsDistinguishes between replacing and modernizing assets			
Program Modifications	Bicycle/Pedestrian Program not scoredTransit Modernization Program weighted most heavily			
Discussion Topics	Bonus points			

Criterion: Bridges and Culverts

Criterion	Project improves existing bridges and culverts			
Key Features	 Awards points for: Improving structure condition from fair or poor to good (Bonus) Modernizing designs or reducing weight or height restrictions (Bonus) Improving NHS or freight network structures Includes scaled points for improving more than one structure			
Updates to Existing Criterion	 Incorporates new federal good/fair/poor definitions Specifically includes culverts Rewards improvements on specific networks 			
Program Modifications	Bicycle/Pedestrian Program not scored for this criterion			
Discussion Topics	New bonus pointsScaling for multiple structures			

Criterion: Pavement Condition

Criterion	Project improves existing pavement condition			
Key Features	 Awards points for: Improving pavement condition from fair or poor to good (Bonus) Improving roadway substructure (Bonus) Improving NHS, freight network, or key bus route pavement 			
Updates to Existing Criterion	 Incorporates new federal good/fair/poor definitions Recognizes substructure improvements Rewards improvements on specific networks 			
Program Modifications	 Bicycle/Pedestrian and Transit Modernization Programs not scored Scaled down point values for Intersection Improvements 			
Discussion Topics	Scaling across investment programsSubstructure scoring			

Criterion: Sidewalks and Paths

Criterion	Project improves existing sidewalks and paths			
Key Features	 Awards points for: Relative quantity of existing sidewalk or shared-use path reconstructed within project area 			
Updates to Existing Criterion	 Refocuses scoring on quantity of sidewalk/path improved, rather than existing condition of sidewalk in project area Specifically includes shared-use paths 			
Program Modifications	Higher point values for Bicycle/Pedestrian Program			
Discussion Topics	 Scaling by quantity over existing condition 			

Criterion: Other Facility Assets

Criterion	Project improves other existing roadway or bicycle/pedestrian facility assets			
Key Features	 Awards points for: Improving existing traffic signals Improving other elements, including guard-rails, signage, pavement markings, lighting, or non-bridge structures Includes scaled points for improving more assets 			
Updates to Existing Criterion	Incorporates new elementsReduces focus on current traffic signal condition			
Program Modifications	Transit Modernization Program not scored			
Discussion Topics	Inclusion of new assets			



Today:

Discuss System Preservation goal area

June July August



Today:

Discuss System Preservation goal area

July 16:

Discuss Capacity Management goal area

June July August



Today:

Discuss System Preservation goal area

July 16:

Discuss Capacity Management goal area

August 6:

Discuss Economic
Vitality goal area & test
scoring

June July August





Addressing Transportation Equity in the System Preservation Goal Area

June 25, 2020

Betsy Harvey

Outline

- Proposed system preservation and modernization criteria to evaluate for impacts on equity populations
- Summary of feedback and key MPO decision points



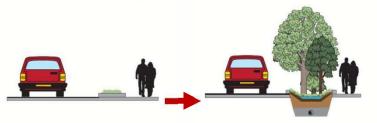
Proposed Equity Evaluation Framework

Goal: Evaluate project's impacts on equity populations

Evaluate Equity Criteria

System Preservation Criteria

Evaluate equity criteria in each goal area



Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions

Base Score

Identify Equity Populations in Project Area



Determine the share of the equity population and compare to the regional average



Equity Multiplier

= Final Score

X



- Improves transit asset(s)
- Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions
- Improves emergency response
- Improves substandard sidewalk(s)
- Demonstrates regional coordination
- Improves substandard pavement

 Improves substandard roadway bridge(s)

Improves substandard traffic signal equipment

Maintaining the existing transit system...is critical to economic development, social justice, and climate resiliency.





Summary of Input

- Different populations benefit differently from various types of transportation improvements
 - What does the intersection of demographic indicators tell us about transportation needs and vulnerability?
- Transportation investments have disproportionately affected some residents more than others, in particular people of color and people with low-incomes



Populations with Multiple Indicators of Potential Transportation Disadvantage

Income Status	Total Population	Minority Population	Nonminority Population
Low-income	682,162	53%	47%
Non-low-income	2,449,429	25%	75%
Poverty Status Not Determined	118,878	36%	64%

Populations with Multiple Indicators of Potential Transportation Disadvantage

Access to Personal Vehicle	Total Population	Minority Population	Nonminority Population
Zero Vehicles	351,338	52%	48%
One or More Vehicles	2,769,623	29%	71%
N/A (Residents in Group Quarters)	129,507	36%	64%

Populations with Multiple Indicators of Potential Transportation Disadvantage

Access to Personal Vehicle	Total Population	Low- income	Non-low- income	Poverty Status Not Determined
Zero Vehicles	351,338	58%	42%	0%
One or More Vehicles	2,769,623	17%	83%	0%
N/A (Residents in Group Quarters)	129,507	10%	1%	89%

Key MPO Decision Points

- How should equity populations be weighed relative to each other?
 - Set using the equity index
- How should the equity goal area be weighed relative to the other goal areas?
 - Set using the equity multiplier

